1. Right (R) or wrong (W)?
2. He began **to slowly get up** off the floor.

* R
* W

1. He began **slowly to get up** off the floor.

* R
* W

1. Right (R) or wrong (W)?
2. I **would like to have seen** his face when he found the frogs.

* R
* W

1. I **would have liked to have seen** his face when he found the frogs.

* R
* W

1. Right (R) or wrong (W)?
2. All I did was **to give** him a little push.

* R
* W

1. All I did was give him a little push.

* R
* W

1. Are these expressions normal or not: yes (Y) or no (N)?
2. a fallen leaf

* Y
* N

1. an escaped prisoner

* Y
* N

1. an arrived train

* Y
* N

1. a developed country

* Y
* N

1. a slept child

* Y
* N

1. a vanished civilisation

* Y
* N

1. a retired police officer

* Y
* N

1. a started race

* Y
* N

1. a collapsed building

* Y
* N

1. Right (R) or wrong (W)?
2. He’s a **well-read** man.

* R
* W

1. She’s a **much-travelled** woman.

* R
* W

1. The **recently-arrived** train is the 14.50 from Hereford.

* R
* W

1. Are these possible: yes (Y) or no (N)?
2. Why **are** those cars **stopped** at the crossroads?

* Y
* N

1. **Is** Jack completely **recovered** ?

* Y
* N

1. Where are you **camped** ?

* Y
* N

1. I’ **ll be finished** in a few minutes.

* Y
* N

1. Those days **are gone** now.

* Y
* N

1. What can Canadians who speak English be called?

* **English-speaking** Canadians.
* **English-speaker** Canadians.
* **speaking-English** Canadians.
* **speaker-English** Canadians.

1. Right (R) or wrong (W)?
2. We didn’t reach agreement on any of the **discussed problems** .

* R
* W

1. The **questioned people** were released without charge.

* R
* W

1. **Those selected** will begin training on Monday.

* R
* W

1. Some past participles have different meanings when used before or after nouns – compare an adopted child and the solution adopted . Which two of these past participles change their meaning in the same way?

|  |
| --- |
| Involved concerned estimated expected revised |

A . \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

B . \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

1. Can very , much or very much complete the sentences in a natural way: yes (Y) or no (N)? (More than one may be possible.)

She’s… admired by her colleagues.

1. very

* Y
* N

1. much

* Y
* N

1. Very much

* Y
* N

The children were … frightened by the thunder.

1. very

* Y
* N

1. much

* Y
* N

1. Very much

* Y
* N

Alexander has been … weakened by his illness.

1. very

* Y
* N

1. much

* Y
* N

1. Very much

* Y
* N

We were … surpised by Joe’s response.

1. very

* Y
* N

1. much

* Y
* N

1. Very much

* Y
* N

The next station is ours, unless I’m … mistaken.

1. very

* Y
* N

1. much

* Y
* N

1. Very much

* Y
* N

1. Are these continuations possible: yes (Y) or no (N)?

I’m not sure ...

1. ... who to invite.

* Y
* N

1. ... how to mend this.

* Y
* N

1. ... where to put the bottles.

* Y
* N

1. ... why to tell Jack.

* Y
* N

1. ... when to arrive.

* Y
* N

1. Are these continuations possible: yes (Y) or no (N)?
2. Can you arrange **for the gold to be delivered** on Friday?

* Y
* N

1. I need **for you to help** me .

* Y
* N

1. She asked **for the designs to be sent** to her office.

* Y
* N

1. We’d like **for you to stay** as long as you want.

* Y
* N

1. She hates **for people to feel** sad.

* Y
* N

1. What do you feel about these two sentences?

It’s important **for there to be** a fire escape at the back of the building.

It’s important **that there should be** a fire escape at the back of the building.

* There’s no important difference.
* The second is wrong.
* The first is wrong.

1. Which extra word makes the speaker sound more disappointed?

I came home \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to find that my parents had already left.

* Even
* Just
* Only

1. Right (R) or wrong (W)?
2. Who’s **the girl dancing** on the table?

* R
* W

1. Most of **those invited** failed to turn up.

* R
* W

1. Do you know **anyone having lost** a cat?

* R
* W

1. Right (R) or wrong (W)?
2. **Looking out of the window** , the mountains seemed very close.

* R
* W

1. **Having so little time** , there was not much I could do.

* R
* W

1. **Generally speaking** , men can run faster than women.

* R
* W

1. Right (R) or wrong (W)?
2. **Nobody having** any more to say, the meeting was closed.

* R
* W

1. **Hands held high** , the dancers circle to the left.

* R
* W

1. Right (R) or wrong (W)?
2. **If asked** , say nothing.

* R
* W

1. **Keep refrigerated** when opened.

* R
* W

1. She was upset **because shouted at .**

* R
* W

1. **Once deprived** of oxygen, they die within minutes..

* R
* W

1. Keep stirring **until cooked** .

* R
* W