1. Right (R) or wrong (W)?
2. I meant to call her, but I **forgot to have called** .

* R
* W

1. She **was to have been** the next president, but she resigned suddenly.

* R
* W

1. What does this sentence mean?

I was to have started work last week.

* I was supposed to start work before last week.
* I was supposed to start work last week, but I didn’t.

1. Right (R) or wrong (W)?
2. It’s as easy to smile **as to frown .**

* R
* W

1. It’s as easy to smile **as frown** .

* R
* W

1. Which two sentences sound most natural?
2. **Your task was** to steal the secret formula, Mr Bond.
3. To steal the secret formula **was your task** , Mr Bond.
4. **It was your task** to steal the secret formula, Mr Bond.

* A and B
* A and C
* B and C

1. Right (R) or wrong (W)?
2. She’s worried about **not being** careful enough with her translation.

* R
* W

1. She’s worried about **not having been** careful enough with her translation.

* R
* W

1. Right (R) or wrong (W)?
2. **THE SMOKING CIGARETTES IS STRICTLY PROHIBITED.**

* R
* W

1. **THE SMOKING OF CIGARETTES IS STRICTLY PROHIBITED.**

* R
* W

1. Sorry – there’s no smoking here.

* R
* W

1. Him, his or both?
2. I understood \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ feeling angry with his daughter.

* him
* his
* [both]

1. I saw \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ getting angry with his daughter.

* him
* his
* [both]

1. Which is more usual?

* We’re all shocked by his **resigning** .
* We’re all shocked by his **resignation** .

1. Right (R) or wrong (W)?
2. The police announced today that the **escaped** prisoner they were looking for had been recaptured.

* R
* W

1. The **questioned** burglar refused to say where he had hidden the stolen goods.

* R
* W

1. A **retired** general has criticised the government for its defence policy.

* R
* W

1. Are these sentence endings normal: yes (Y) or no (N)?

I moved house ...

1. … **to be** nearer to my office.

* Y
* N

1. … **in order to be** nearer to my office.

* Y
* N

1. … **so as to be** nearer to my office.

* Y
* N

1. … **not to be** too far from my office.

* Y
* N

1. … **so as not to be** too far from my office.

* Y
* N

1. Are these sentence endings possible: yes (Y) or no (N)?

I left the door unlocked ...

1. ... for to get in.

* Y
* N

1. ... for me to get in.

* Y
* N

1. ... for Sarah to get in.

* Y
* N

1. It , it was or both?

I thought \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ strange for her to be out so late.

* It
* it was
* [both]

1. Is this sentence right (R) or wrong (W)?

It is essential **for the papers to be** ready before Thursday.

* R
* W

1. Look at this sentence. Fill in the four missing words below it to make a sentence with the same meaning.

They didn’t keep Jack as their manager, which was a big mistake.

It was a big mistake for \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  Jack as their

manager.

1. Right (R) or wrong (W)?
2. There wasn’t **enough light for me to see** what I was doing.

* R
* W

1. There’s hardly **enough room to breathe** in here.

* R
* W

1. There’s hardly **room to breathe** in here.

* R
* W

1. What does this sentence mean?

I arrived at the shop **to find that** the door was locked.

* The speaker couldn’t remember whether she had locked the door of the shop, and went back to check.
* The speaker was expecting the door of the shop to be unlocked when she arrived, but it wasn’t.

1. Look at this sentence. What does the speaker mean?

**To see them** , you would think that they were best friends.

* It’s obvious that they really like each other.
* They don’t really like each other, but are pretending that they do.

1. Can the prepositions complete the sentences correctly: yes (Y) or no (N)? (More than one may be correct.)

I was shocked …. your behaviour.

1. at

* Y
* N

1. by

* Y
* N

1. of

* Y
* N

I was worried … his reaction.

1. about

* Y
* N

1. at

* Y
* N

1. by

* Y
* N

I was frightened … the spiders.

1. about

* Y
* N

1. at

* Y
* N

1. by

* Y
* N

1. And ,to or both?
2. Try \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ eat something – you’ll feel better if you do.

* And
* To
* [both]

1. I’ll try \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ call you tomorrow.

* And
* To
* [both]

1. Be sure \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ ask Uncle Joe about his garden.

* And
* To
* [both]